Code: ME1T6, AE1T6

I B. Tech - I Semester - Regular Examinations - January 2015

ENGINEERING MECHANICS - I (Common for ME, AE)

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks $11 \times 2 = 22 \text{ M}$

- 1. a) Define principle of Transmissibility.
 - b) What is a free body diagram? Give an example.
 - c) What are the properties of a couple?
 - d) Define angle of friction and angle of repose.
 - e) What are the various classification of friction?
 - f) Define polar moment of inertia with an example.
 - g) State perpendicular axis theorem.
 - h) Mention the assumptions in the analysis of trusses.
 - i) State the principle of virtual work.
 - j) State the Pappus-Guldinus theorem's.
 - k) State the laws of dry friction.

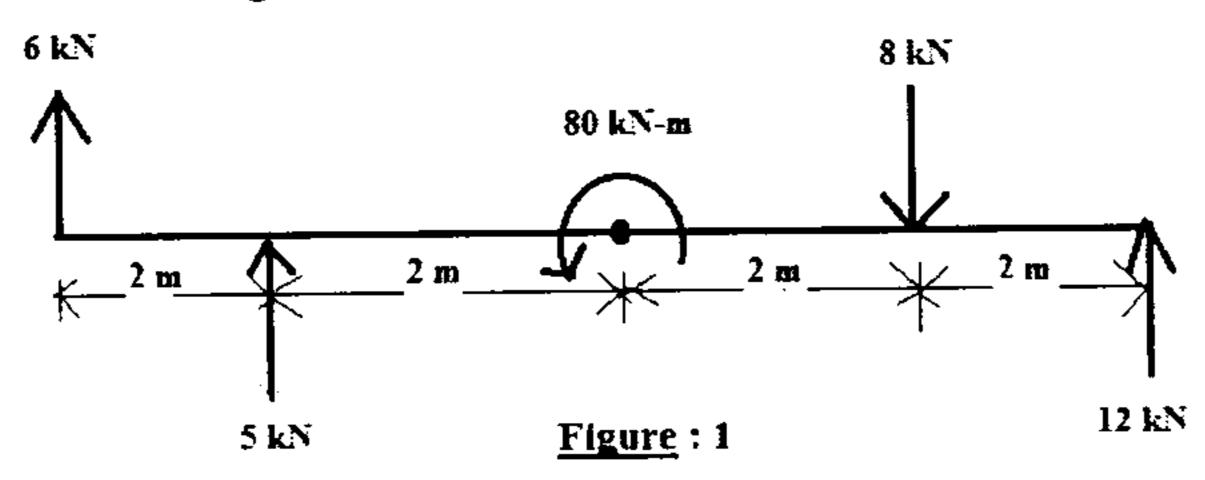
PART - B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks. $3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ M}$

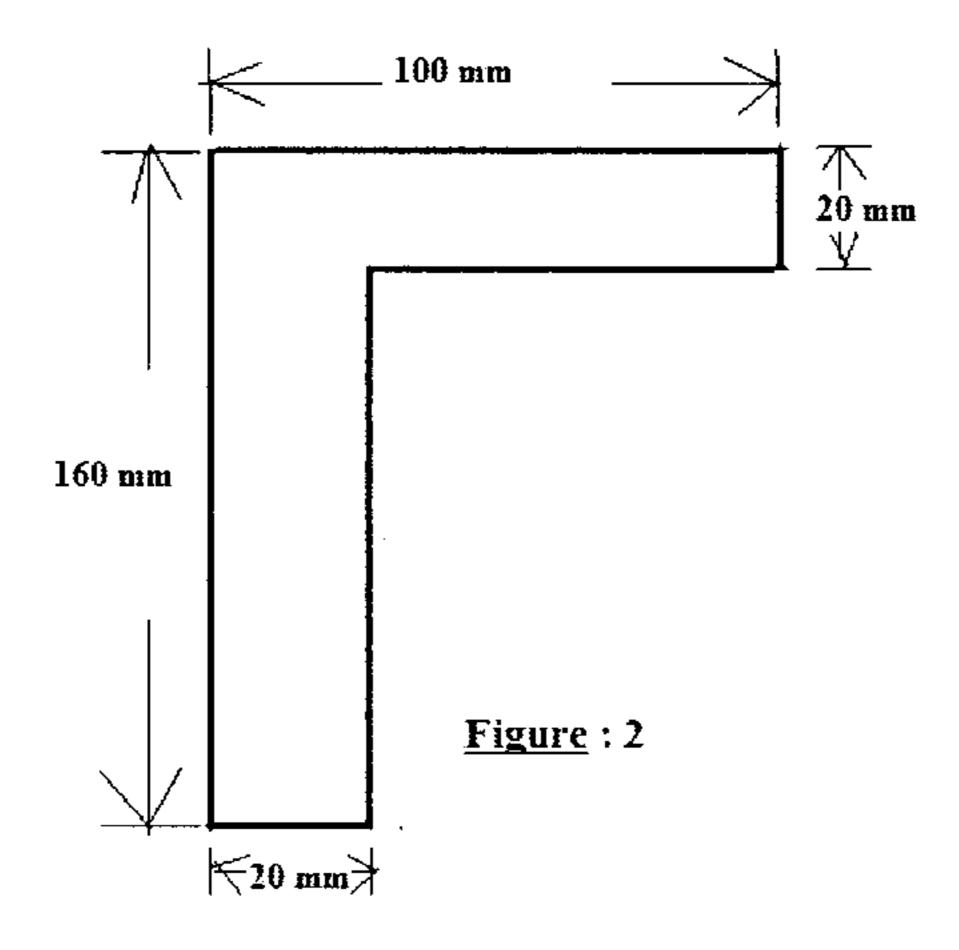
- 2. a) A particle is acted upon by the following forces:
 - i) A pull of 8 kN due north-east, 45° with east.
 - ii) A pull of 10 kN due north
 - iii) A pull of 12 kN due east
 - iv) A pull of 4 kN in a direction inclined 60° south of west and
 - v) A pull of 6 kN in a direction inclined 30° east of south.

Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant force. 8 M

b) Determine and locate the resultant of the forces and one moment acting on the beam as shown in Figure:1. 8 M

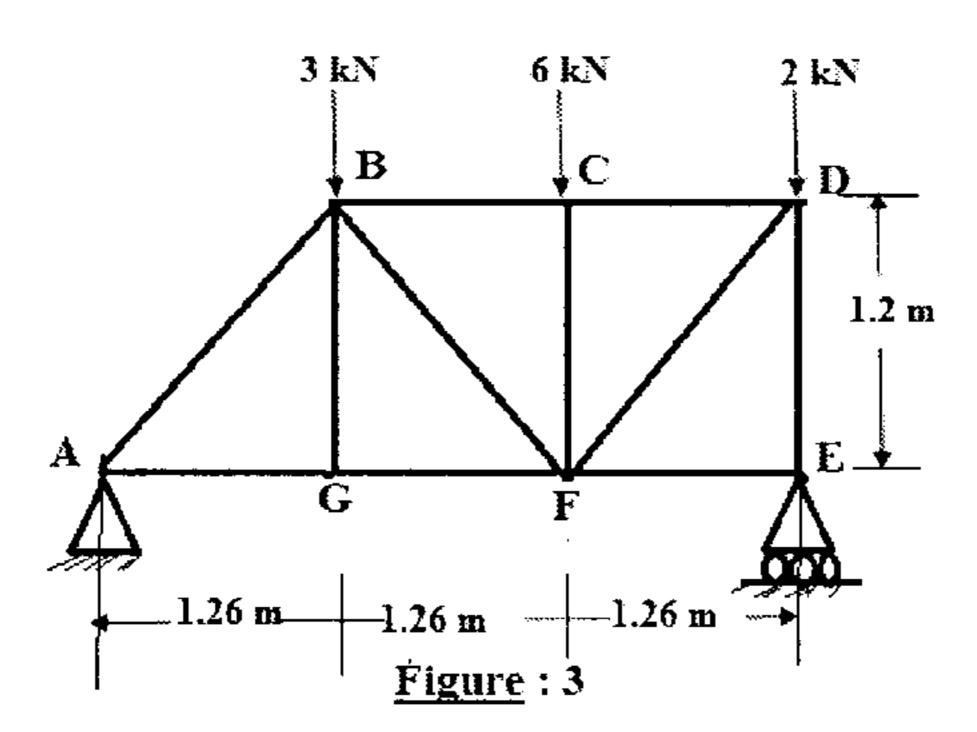


3. a) Find the position of centroid of an unequal angle section as shown in Figure:2.

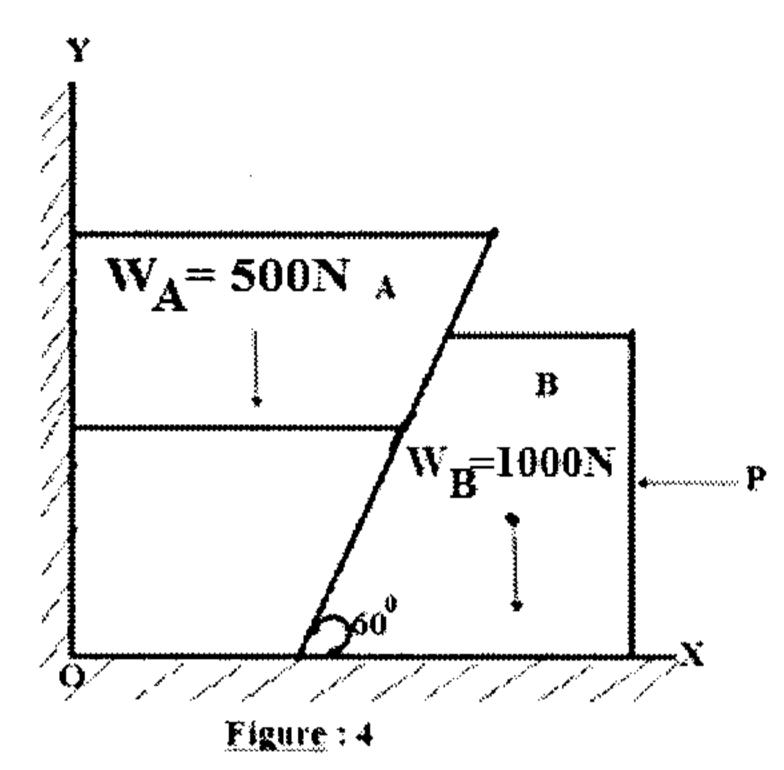


- b) Find the moment of inertia of a triangle about its base. Also find the moment of inertia about an axis passing through the centre of gravity and parallel to the base.

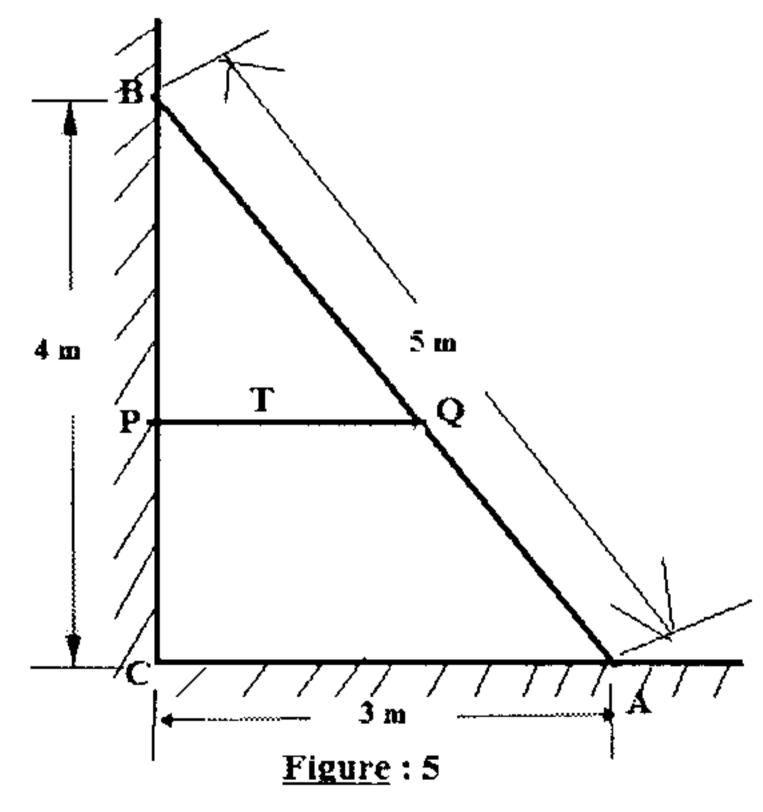
 8 M
- 4. Determine the forces induced in the members of the pinjointed truss shown in Figure:3. Show the values on a neat diagram of the truss. Mention clearly the nature of the forces (tension or compression) in each member. 8 M



Two blocks A and B are resting against a wall and the floor as shown in Figure:4. Find the value of the horizontal force P applied to the lower block that will hold the system in equilibrium. Coefficients of friction are: 0.25 at the floor, 0.3 at the wall and 0.2 between the blocks.



6. A uniform ladder of 5 m long weighing 200 N rests on a smooth floor at A and against a smooth wall at B as shown in Figure:5. A horizontal rope PQ prevents the ladder from slipping. Using the method of virtual work, determine the tension in the rope.



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